MOODY'S

SECTOR PROFILE

29 May 2019



Contacts

Steven Goodman-Leibof
Associate Lead Analyst
steven.goodman-leibof@moodys.com

Matt Jaffe +1.212.553.4771 *Analyst*

matt.jaffe@moodys.com

Orlie Prince +1.212.553.7738

VP-Sr Credit Officer/Manager orlie.prince@moodys.com

Leonard Jones +1.212.553.3806 MD-Public Finance leonard.jones@moodys.com Water and sewer utilities – US

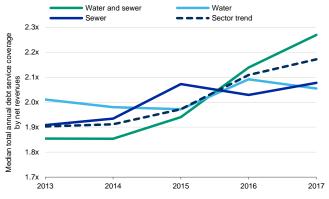
Medians - Financial performance signals continued stability

Municipal water and sewer utilities continue to demonstrate a stable to modestly improving financial performance, according to our fiscal 2017 medians data. Operating results are primarily driven by utility systems' (water, sewer and combined enterprises) willingness and ability to raise rates to support debt service coverage and liquidity. Declining asset conditions across the sector, however, indicate an underinvestment in capital infrastructure. These trends are reflected in our stable outlook for the water and sewer utilities sector.

- » Debt service coverage remains healthy at a median just above 2.0x. The median sectorwide coverage improved modestly to 2.2x in 2017, indicating a healthy cushion to absorb unforeseen fluctuations in revenues or expenses. Stable coverage trends have roots in systems' autonomous rate-setting authority and an ability and willingness to adjust rates to meet operating and debt service needs.
- » Liquidity continues to improve. Days cash on hand rose to a median of 447 in 2017 from 420. The trend of improved liquidity provides utilities with additional flexibility to manage an unexpected event or service disruption. While sewer utilities exhibit much stronger liquidity levels than water utilities or combined water and sewer utilities, the median days cash on hand for all three system types continued to top one year's worth of operating expenditures.
- » Sectorwide leverage is declining, indicating capacity to finance capital projects. The downward trend in the median debt burden measured by net funded debt to operating revenues is driven by rate increases to support new debt issuances as well as an underinvestment in infrastructure. The sectorwide median was 2.0x operating revenues in fiscal 2017. Utilities with lower debt loads have greater capacity to support large capital investments with additional debt or on a pay-as-you-go basis.
- » Operating and maintenance (O&M) expenses are growing modestly. Generally, combined water and sewer systems have greater operating expenses than single-utility systems. O&M expenses continue to grow modestly across the entire sector.
- » Deteriorating asset condition signals underinvestment in infrastructure. Due to systems' deferral of capital investment and underinvestment in plants and equipment, the remaining useful life of capital assets continues to decline. However, the sectorwide median for remaining useful life of an asset was 29 years, offering time to invest to improve conditions.

Exhibit 1

Debt service coverage remains healthy at above 2.0x for all sectors

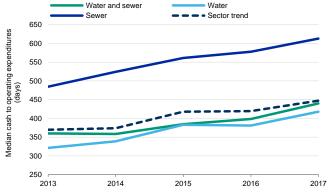


Source: Moody's Investors Service

Debt service coverage improves except for water utilities

- » Median debt service coverage improved for combined water and sewer utilities and sewer utilities but declined modestly for water utilities.
- » While median debt service coverage for water utilities declined to 2.05x in fiscal 2017 from 2.09x in 2016, the multiyear trend has been positive, with debt service coverage higher in 2017 versus 2013.
- » The sectorwide increase in coverage in 2017 reflects rate adjustments to meet growing operating expenses.
- » For example, Florida's Fort Lauderdale Water and Sewer Enterprise (Aa1 stable) implemented annual rate increases to cover increasing costs associated with capital improvements and saw annual debt service coverage increase to 1.63x in fiscal 2017 from 1.2x in 2013.

Exhibit 2
Liquidity continues to improve, signaling sound financial management



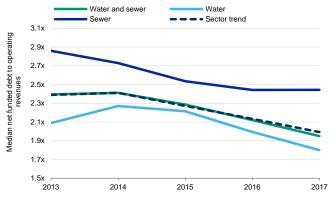
Source: Moody's Investors Service

Strong liquidity provides flexibility

- » Liquidity improved across all utility types in fiscal 2017, giving systems flexibility to address capital needs and maintain low leverage. Reserves help moderate customer rate increases, absorb system shocks and address capital needs.
- » Average growth in days cash on hand has been in the low-to-mid-single-digit range as growing cash levels outpace inflation.
- » Strong liquidity levels allow utilities more flexibility to meet unexpected expenses or fund capital improvements on a pay-as-you-go basis.
- » Pennsylvania's <u>Allegheny County Sanitary</u> <u>Authority</u> (A1 stable), for example, has steadily improved its liquidity, closing fiscal 2018 with an unrestricted 684 days cash on hand, up from 411 days cash on hand at the close of fiscal 2014.

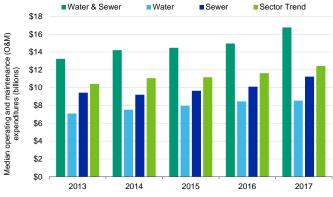
This publication does not announce a credit rating action. For any credit ratings referenced in this publication, please see the ratings tab on the issuer/entity page on www.moodys.com for the most updated credit rating action information and rating history.

Exhibit 3
Leverage continues to decline across the sector, creating capacity to finance capital improvements



Source: Moody's Investors Service

Exhibit 4
Operating and maintenance expenditures continue to increase



Source: Moody's Investors Service

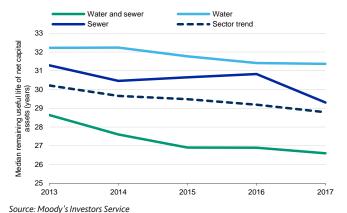
Leverage is trending downward

- » Leverage declined for combined water and sewer utilities and water utilities, continuing a multiyear trend. Leverage for sewer utilities remained stable in fiscal 2017 following several years of declines.
- » Median leverage across all utility systems was moderate at 2.0x operating revenues in fiscal 2017. Relatively low leverage provides the ability to issue additional debt to fund capital needs in the face of aging infrastructure.

Operating and maintenance (O&M) expenditures growing modestly across the sector

- » Median sectorwide O&M expenditures have modestly increased over the past several years, led by combined water and sewer utilities. This is largely due to service area growth, offset somewhat by energy efficient upgrades to facilities and flat to declining water usage driven by increased conservation.
- » Combined water and sewer systems are generally larger, as measured by operating expenditures, than single water or sewer utilities. Additionally, combined systems' O&M have grown faster, with a median compound annual rate of 6.1% over the last four years compared to the sector as a whole at 4.5%.
- » Generally, larger utilities benefit more from economies of scale and are able to weather unexpected expenses or service disruptions better than smaller utilities.

Exhibit 5
Remaining useful life continues to decline as depreciation outpaces infrastructure investment



Declining asset condition indicative of underinvestment in infrastructure

- » Continued deferral of infrastructure investment increases the risk of operational issues such as sewer overflows or water leakage, which can lead to service disruptions, revenue loss and increased expenses to meet regulatory requirements.
- » Despite the downward trend, the 2017 sectorwide median asset condition (or remaining useful life) of 29 years affords systems adequate time to implement capital plans before acute system failures.
- » The median asset condition for water systems remained stable and is stronger at 31 years than sewer systems (29) and combined water and sewer systems (27).

Basis for medians

This medians report conforms to our US Municipal Utility Revenue Debt rating methodology published in October 2017. As such, the medians presented here are based on the key metrics outlined in the methodology and the associated scorecard. The appendix of this report provides additional metrics broken out by sector and rating category.

We use data from a variety of sources to calculate the medians, some of which have differing reporting schedules. Whenever possible, we calculated these medians using available data for fiscal year 2017. The median family income data was derived from the 2017 US Census American Community Survey.

Medians for some rating levels, namely Aaa- and Baa-rated issuers, are based on relatively small sample sizes. These medians may therefore be subject to substantial year-over-year variation.

Our ratings reflect our forward-looking opinion derived partly from forecasts of financial performance and qualitative factors, as opposed to strictly historical quantitative data. Our expectation of future performance, combined with the relative importance of certain metrics on individual local government ratings, account for the range of values that can be found within each rating category.

Key ratios

- » Debt service coverage: annual net revenues (including connection or impact fees) divided by annual debt service.
- » Liquidity: unrestricted cash and liquid investments multiplied by 365 and divided by operating and maintenance expenses (net of depreciation), expressed in days.
- » Debt to operating revenues: net long-term debt less debt service reserve funds divided by most recent year's operating revenues.
- » Asset condition: net fixed assets divided by depreciation expense, expressed in years.

Appendix A: Water, sewer and combined water & sewer utilities

Exhibit 6
Medians for US water utilities

Selected Indicators	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Moody's Median Senior Revenue Rating					Aa3
Median Family Income (% of US Median)	99%	100%	99%	100%	100%
Asset Condition: (Remaining Useful Life)	32	32	32	31	31
Debt to Operating Revenues	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.0	1.8
Annual Debt Service Coverage	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1
Days Cash on Hand	321	339	383	381	418
System Size: (O&M, \$000)	7,104	7,527	7,964	8,459	8,544
Debt Service (\$000)	2,918	2,909	2,968	2,961	3,002
Net Revenues (\$000)	5,952	6,017	6,335	6,927	7,109
Net Funded Debt (\$000)	27,297	26,963	29,392	28,622	30,291
Total Revenues (\$000)	13,576	14,512	15,066	15,207	16,274

Medians for US sewer utilities

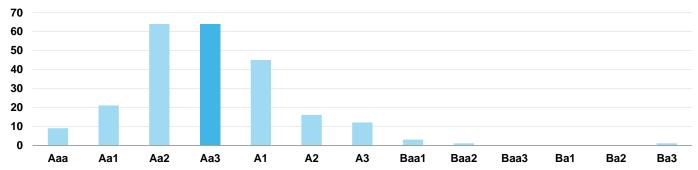
Selected Indicators	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Moody's Median Senior Revenue Rating					Aa3
Median Family Income (% of US Median)	98%	97%	97%	97%	97%
Asset Condition: (Remaining Useful Life)	31	30	31	31	29
Debt to Operating Revenues	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.4	2.4
Annual Debt Service Coverage	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.0	2.1
Days Cash on Hand	485	525	561	578	613
System Size: (O&M, \$000)	9,440	9,207	9,651	10,112	11,241
Debt Service (\$000)	4,239	4,339	3,963	3,813	3,938
Net Revenues (\$000)	7,733	8,765	9,424	8,985	9,884
Net Funded Debt (\$000)	41,028	38,311	39,492	41,467	40,773
Total Revenues (\$000)	17,693	18,299	19,593	19,910	20,656

Exhibit 8
Medians for US water and sewer utilities

92% 29	92% 28	91%	91%	Aa3
		91%	91%	Q1%
29	20			3170
	20	27	27	27
2.4	2.4	2.3	2.1	1.9
1.9	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.3
360	359	385	399	440
13,238	14,210	14,475	14,959	16,759
50,898	4,879	4,829	5,015	5,182
10,213	10,593	11,270	11,590	12,262
50,898	52,312	47,996	48,768	47,783
23,766	25,030	26,322	27,107	29,141
	1.9 360 13,238 50,898 10,213 50,898	1.9 1.9 360 359 13,238 14,210 50,898 4,879 10,213 10,593 50,898 52,312	1.9 1.9 360 359 13,238 14,210 50,898 4,879 10,213 10,593 11,270 50,898 52,312 47,996	1.9 1.9 1.9 2.1 360 359 385 399 13,238 14,210 14,475 14,959 50,898 4,879 4,829 5,015 10,213 10,593 11,270 11,590 50,898 52,312 47,996 48,768

Appendix B: Water utilities

Exhibit 9
Rating distribution - US water utilities



Source: Moody's Investors Service

Exhibit 10 Medians for US water utilities

Selected Indicators	2017
Moody's Median Senior Revenue Rating	Aa3
Median Family Income (% of US Median)	100%
Asset Condition: (Remaining Useful Life)	31
Debt to Operating Revenues	1.8
Annual Debt Service Coverage	2.1
Days Cash on Hand	418
System Size: (O&M, \$000)	8,544
Debt Service (\$000)	3,002
Net Revenues (\$000)	7,109
Net Funded Debt (\$000)	30,291
Total Revenues (\$000)	16,274

Source: Moody's Investors Service

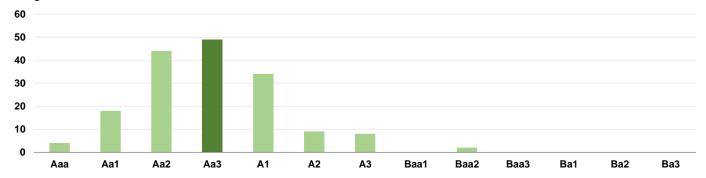
Exhibit 11

Medians by rating - US water utilities

Selected Indicators	Aaa	Aa	Α	Baa	Ва
Median Family Income (% of US Median)	106%	104%	93%	81%	47%
Asset Condition: (Remaining Useful Life)	38	31	30	29	18
Debt to Operating Revenues	2.3	1.8	2.2	1.7	0.5
Annual Debt Service Coverage	2.9	2.4	1.8	1.6	2.3
Days Cash on Hand	484	424	401	162	350
System Size: (O&M, \$000)	80,747	12,540	2,866	26,865	10,146
Debt Service (\$000)	34,724	4,639	1,459	2,300	2,221
Net Revenues (\$000)	100,436	11,041	2,034	2,334	5,017
Net Funded Debt (\$000)	447,961	44,265	12,666	23,849	8,246
Total Revenues (\$000)	181,183	25,792	5,380	29,198	15,163

Appendix C: Sewer utilities

Exhibit 12
Rating distribution - US sewer utilities



Source: Moody's Investors Service

Exhibit 13

Medians for US sewer utilities

Selected Indicators	2017
Moody's Median Senior Revenue Rating	Aa3
Median Family Income (% of US Median)	97%
Asset Condition: (Remaining Useful Life)	29
Debt to Operating Revenues	2.4
Annual Debt Service Coverage	2.1
Days Cash on Hand	613
System Size: (O&M, \$000)	11,241
Debt Service (\$000)	3,938
Net Revenues (\$000)	9,884
Net Funded Debt (\$000)	40,773
Total Revenues (\$000)	20,656

Source: Moody's Investors Service

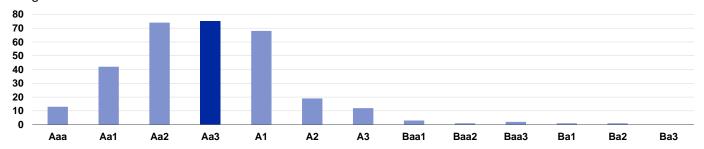
Exhibit 14

Medians by rating - US sewer utilities

Selected Indicators	Aaa	Aa	Α	Baa	Ва
Median Family Income (% of US Median)	109%	102%	85%	82%	N/A
Asset Condition: (Remaining Useful Life)	34	31	28	47	N/A
Debt to Operating Revenues	3.3	2.0	2.7	6.5	N/A
Annual Debt Service Coverage	2.8	2.2	1.8	1.2	N/A
Days Cash on Hand	955	623	591	605	N/A
System Size: (O&M, \$000)	96,191	19,185	5,592	71,530	N/A
Debt Service (\$000)	52,339	5,665	1,628	68,901	N/A
Net Revenues (\$000)	148,708	14,435	3,544	113,258	N/A
Net Funded Debt (\$000)	839,185	66,402	15,957	910,713	N/A
Total Revenues (\$000)	244,898	34,217	9,093	184,788	N/A

Appendix D: Combined water and sewer utilities

Exhibit 15
Rating distribution - US combined water and sewer utilities



Source: Moody's Investors Service

Exhibit 16
Medians for US combined water and sewer utilities

Selected Indicators	2017
Moody's Median Senior Revenue Rating	Aa3
Median Family Income (% of US Median)	91%
Asset Condition: (Remaining Useful Life)	27
Debt to Operating Revenues	1.9
Annual Debt Service Coverage	2.3
Days Cash on Hand	440
System Size: (O&M, \$000)	16,759
Debt Service (\$000)	5,182
Net Revenues (\$000)	12,262
Net Funded Debt (\$000)	47,783
Total Revenues (\$000)	29,141

Source: Moody's Investors Service

Exhibit 17

Medians by rating - US combined water and sewer utilities

Selected Indicators	Aaa	Aa	Α	Baa	Ва
Median Family Income (% of US Median)	121%	96%	83%	91%	59%
Asset Condition: (Remaining Useful Life)	27	27	25	18	29
Debt to Operating Revenues	2.1	1.9	2.5	2.4	5.7
Annual Debt Service Coverage	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.4
Days Cash on Hand	747	492	364	147	54
System Size: (O&M, \$000)	85,373	23,848	7,402	3,071	17,435
Debt Service (\$000)	23,116	7,080	2,141	697	11,801
Net Revenues (\$000)	77,568	18,975	4,588	1,215	14,121
Net Funded Debt (\$000)	287,044	75,083	26,974	10,419	132,571
Total Revenues (\$000)	154,645	41,764	12,307	4,348	31,556

© 2019 Moody's Corporation, Moody's Investors Service, Inc., Moody's Analytics, Inc. and/or their licensors and affiliates (collectively, "MOODY'S"). All rights reserved.

CREDIT RATINGS ISSUED BY MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE, INC. AND ITS RATINGS AFFILIATES ("MIS") ARE MOODY'S CURRENT OPINIONS OF THE RELATIVE FUTURE CREDIT RISK OF ENTITIES, CREDIT COMMITMENTS, OR DEBT OR DEBT-LIKE SECURITIES, AND MOODY'S PUBLICATIONS MAY INCLUDE MOODY'S CURRENT OPINIONS OF THE RELATIVE FUTURE CREDIT RISK OF ENTITIES, CREDIT COMMITMENTS, OR DEBT OR DEBT-LIKE SECURITIES. MOODY'S DEFINES CREDIT RISK AS THE RISK THAT AN ENTITY MAY NOT MEET ITS CONTRACTUAL FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS AS THEY COME DUE AND ANY ESTIMATED FINANCIAL LOSS IN THE EVENT OF DEFAULT OR IMPAIRMENT. SEE MOODY'S RATING SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS PUBLICATION FOR INFORMATION ON THE TYPES OF CONTRACTUAL FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS ADDRESSED BY MOODY'S RATINGS. CREDIT RATINGS DO NOT ADDRESS ANY OTHER RISK, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO: LIQUIDITY RISK, MARKET VALUE RISK, OR PRICE VOLATILITY. CREDIT RATINGS AND MOODY'S OPINIONS INCLUDED IN MOODY'S PUBLICATIONS ARE NOT STATEMENTS OF CURRENT OR HISTORICAL FACT. MOODY'S PUBLICATIONS MAY ALSO INCLUDE QUANTITATIVE MODEL-BASED ESTIMATES OF CREDIT RISK AND RELATED OPINIONS OR COMMENTARY PUBLISHED BY MOODY'S ANALYTICS, INC. CREDIT RATINGS AND MOODY'S PUBLICATIONS ON TO PURCHASE, SELL, OR HOLD PARTICULAR SECURITIES. NEITHER CREDIT RATINGS AND MOODY'S PUBLICATIONS OR PUBLICATIONS OR PUBLICATIONS OR PUBLICATIONS OR PUBLICATIONS OR PUBLICATIONS OR PUBL

MOODY'S CREDIT RATINGS AND MOODY'S PUBLICATIONS ARE NOT INTENDED FOR USE BY RETAIL INVESTORS AND IT WOULD BE RECKLESS AND INAPPROPRIATE FOR RETAIL INVESTORS TO USE MOODY'S CREDIT RATINGS OR MOODY'S PUBLICATIONS WHEN MAKING AN INVESTMENT DECISION. IF IN DOUBT YOU SHOULD CONTACT YOUR FINANCIAL OR OTHER PROFESSIONAL ADVISER. ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS PROTECTED BY LAW, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, COPYRIGHT LAW, AND NONE OF SUCH INFORMATION MAY BE COPIED OR OTHERWISE REPRODUCED, REPACKAGED, FURTHER TRANSMITTED, TRANSFERRED, DISSEMINATED, REDISTRIBUTED OR RESOLD, OR STORED FOR SUBSEQUENT USE FOR ANY SUCH PURPOSE, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, IN ANY FORM OR MANNER OR BY ANY MEANS WHATSOEVER, BY ANY PERSON WITHOUT MOODY'S PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT.

CREDIT RATINGS AND MOODY'S PUBLICATIONS ARE NOT INTENDED FOR USE BY ANY PERSON AS A BENCHMARK AS THAT TERM IS DEFINED FOR REGULATORY PURPOSES AND MUST NOT BE USED IN ANY WAY THAT COULD RESULT IN THEM BEING CONSIDERED A BENCHMARK.

All information contained herein is obtained by MOODY'S from sources believed by it to be accurate and reliable. Because of the possibility of human or mechanical error as well as other factors, however, all information contained herein is provided "AS IS" without warranty of any kind. MOODY'S adopts all necessary measures so that the information it uses in assigning a credit rating is of sufficient quality and from sources MOODY'S considers to be reliable including, when appropriate, independent third-party sources. However, MOODY'S is not an auditor and cannot in every instance independently verify or validate information received in the rating process or in preparing the Moody's publications.

To the extent permitted by law, MOODY'S and its directors, officers, employees, agents, representatives, licensors and suppliers disclaim liability to any person or entity for any indirect, special, consequential, or incidental losses or damages whatsoever arising from or in connection with the information contained herein or the use of or inability to use any such information, even if MOODY'S or any of its directors, officers, employees, agents, representatives, licensors or suppliers is advised in advance of the possibility of such losses or damages, including but not limited to: (a) any loss of present or prospective profits or (b) any loss or damage arising where the relevant financial instrument is not the subject of a particular credit rating assigned by MOODY'S.

To the extent permitted by law, MOODY'S and its directors, officers, employees, agents, representatives, licensors and suppliers disclaim liability for any direct or compensatory losses or damages caused to any person or entity, including but not limited to by any negligence (but excluding fraud, willful misconduct or any other type of liability that, for the avoidance of doubt, by law cannot be excluded) on the part of, or any contingency within or beyond the control of, MOODY'S or any of its directors, officers, employees, agents, representatives, licensors or suppliers, arising from or in connection with the information contained herein or the use of or inability to use any such information.

NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE ACCURACY, TIMELINESS, COMPLETENESS, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OF ANY CREDIT RATING OR OTHER OPINION OR INFORMATION IS GIVEN OR MADE BY MOODY'S IN ANY FORM OR MANNER WHATSOEVER.

Moody's Investors Service, Inc., a wholly-owned credit rating agency subsidiary of Moody's Corporation ("MCO"), hereby discloses that most issuers of debt securities (including corporate and municipal bonds, debentures, notes and commercial paper) and preferred stock rated by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. have, prior to assignment of any rating, agreed to pay to Moody's Investors Service, Inc. for ratings opinions and services rendered by it fees ranging from \$1,000 to approximately \$2,700,000. MCO and MIS also maintain policies and procedures to address the independence of MIS's ratings and rating processes. Information regarding certain affiliations that may exist between directors of MCO and rated entities, and between entities who hold ratings from MIS and have also publicly reported to the SEC an ownership interest in MCO of more than 5%, is posted annually at www.moodys.com under the heading "Investor Relations — Corporate Governance — Director and Shareholder Affiliation Policy."

Additional terms for Australia only: Any publication into Australia of this document is pursuant to the Australian Financial Services License of MOODY'S affiliate, Moody's Investors Service Pty Limited ABN 61 003 399 657AFSL 336969 and/or Moody's Analytics Australia Pty Ltd ABN 94 105 136 972 AFSL 383569 (as applicable). This document is intended to be provided only to "wholesale clients" within the meaning of section 761G of the Corporations Act 2001. By continuing to access this document from within Australia, you represent to MOODY'S that you are, or are accessing the document as a representative of, a "wholesale client" and that neither you nor the entity you represent will directly or indirectly disseminate this document or its contents to "retail clients" within the meaning of section 761G of the Corporations Act 2001. MOODY'S credit rating is an opinion as to the creditworthiness of a debt obligation of the issuer, not on the equity securities of the issuer or any form of security that is available to retail investors.

Additional terms for Japan only: Moody's Japan K.K. ("MJKK") is a wholly-owned credit rating agency subsidiary of Moody's Group Japan G.K., which is wholly-owned by Moody's Overseas Holdings Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of MCO. Moody's SF Japan K.K. ("MSFJ") is a wholly-owned credit rating agency subsidiary of MJKK. MSFJ is not a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization ("NRSRO"). Therefore, credit ratings assigned by MSFJ are Non-NRSRO Credit Ratings. Non-NRSRO Credit Ratings are assigned by an entity that is not a NRSRO and, consequently, the rated obligation will not qualify for certain types of treatment under U.S. laws. MJKK and MSFJ are credit rating agencies registered with the Japan Financial Services Agency and their registration numbers are FSA Commissioner (Ratings) No. 2 and 3 respectively.

MJKK or MSFJ (as applicable) hereby disclose that most issuers of debt securities (including corporate and municipal bonds, debentures, notes and commercial paper) and preferred stock rated by MJKK or MSFJ (as applicable) have, prior to assignment of any rating, agreed to pay to MJKK or MSFJ (as applicable) for ratings opinions and services rendered by it fees ranging from JPY125,000 to approximately JPY250,000,000.

MJKK and MSFJ also maintain policies and procedures to address Japanese regulatory requirements.

REPORT NUMBER 1171692

